Algorithm 1 Greedy

Algorithm I Greedy

1:
$$I \leftarrow \emptyset$$
2: $\hat{S}_j \leftarrow S_j$ for all j
3: while I not a set cover do
4: $\ell \leftarrow \arg\min_{j:\hat{S}_j \neq 0} \frac{w_j}{|\hat{S}_j|}$
5: $I \leftarrow I \cup \{\ell\}$
6: $\hat{S}_j \leftarrow \hat{S}_j - S_\ell$ for all j

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 for all j

In every round the Greedy algorithm takes the set that covers remaining elements in the most cost-effective way.

We choose a set such that the ratio between cost and still uncovered elements in the set is minimized.



Lemma 4

Given positive numbers $a_1, ..., a_k$ and $b_1, ..., b_k$, and $S \subseteq \{1, ..., k\}$ then

$$\min_{i} \frac{a_i}{b_i} \le \frac{\sum_{i \in S} a_i}{\sum_{i \in S} b_i} \le \max_{i} \frac{a_i}{b_i}$$



Let n_ℓ denote the number of elements that remain at the beginning of iteration ℓ . $n_1=n=|U|$ and $n_{s+1}=0$ if we need s iterations.

In the ℓ -th iteration

$$\frac{w_j}{|S_j|} = \frac{\sum_{j \in \text{orr}} w_j}{\sum_{j \in \text{orr}} |S_j|} = \frac{O(2)}{\sum_{j \in \text{orr}} |S_j|} = \frac{O(2)}{n_{\mathcal{E}}}$$

since an optimal algorithm can cover the remaining n_ℓ elements with cost OPT.

Let \hat{S}_j be a subset that minimizes this ratio. Hence, $w_j/|\hat{S}_j| \leq \frac{\mathrm{OPT}}{n_e}$.



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Adding this set to our solution means $n_{\ell+1} = n_{\ell} - |\hat{S}_j|$.

$$w_j \le \frac{|\hat{S}_j| \text{OPT}}{n_\ell} = \frac{n_\ell - n_{\ell+1}}{n_\ell} \cdot \text{OPT}$$



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$$\sum_{j\in I} w_j$$



$$\sum_{j \in I} w_j \le \sum_{\ell=1}^{s} \frac{n_{\ell} - n_{\ell+1}}{n_{\ell}} \cdot \text{OPT}$$



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$$\le \text{OPT} \sum_{\ell=1}^s \left(\frac{1}{n_\ell} + \frac{1}{n_\ell - 1} + \dots + \frac{1}{n_{\ell+1} + 1} \right)$$



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$$= \text{OPT} \sum_{i=1}^k \frac{1}{i}$$



$$\begin{split} \sum_{j \in I} w_j &\leq \sum_{\ell=1}^s \frac{n_\ell - n_{\ell+1}}{n_\ell} \cdot \text{OPT} \\ &\leq \text{OPT} \sum_{\ell=1}^s \left(\frac{1}{n_\ell} + \frac{1}{n_\ell - 1} + \dots + \frac{1}{n_{\ell+1} + 1} \right) \\ &= \text{OPT} \sum_{i=1}^k \frac{1}{i} \\ &= H_n \cdot \text{OPT} \leq \text{OPT}(\ln n + 1) \ . \end{split}$$



A tight example:



