# **Efficient Algorithms and Data Structures I**

Deadline: January 28, 2019, 10:15 am in the Efficient Algorithms mailbox.

## Homework 1 (4 Points)

Prove the following statements about maximum flow networks.

- (a) If all edge capacities are even integers, then the maximum flow value is an even integer.
- (b) Let *e* be an edge that belongs to some minimum cut. Show that any maximum flow saturates the edge *e*.

#### Homework 2 (5 Points)

Let G = (V, E) be a network with two vertices  $s, t \in V$ . We call two s-t-paths *edge-disjoint* if they do not share an edge. Two s - t-paths are vertex-disjoint if they have no vertices in common other than s and t.

Prove or disprove the following statements

- (a) There are k > 1 pairwise edge-disjoint s t-paths in the network if and only if after deleting any k 1 edges, there still exists a path from s to t.
- (b) There are k > 1 pairwise vertex-disjoint s t-paths in the network if and only if after deleting any k 1 vertices, there still exists a path from s to t.

#### Homework 3 (5 Points)

We say that a bipartite graph G = (V, E), where  $V = L \cup R$ , is *d*-regular if every vertex  $v \in V$  has degree exactly *d*. Every *d*-regular bipartite graph has |L| = |R|. Prove that every *d*-regular bipartite graph has a matching of cardinality |L| by arguing that a minimum cut of the corresponding flow network has capacity |L|.

#### Homework 4 (6 Points)

The ghost Ambrosius plans to simultaneously spook each of the  $\ell$  floors of the FMI building in order to celebrate 50 years of computer science in Munich. For the big party, he needs  $r_j$  ghosts for floor  $F_j$ .

Ambrosius must enlist ghosts from local haunted mansions for help. The ghosts living in mansions  $M_1, \ldots, M_t$  are *experienced*. The ghosts living in mansions  $M_{t+1}, \ldots, M_k$  are *inexperienced*. There are  $u_i$  ghosts living in mansion  $M_i$ . A ghost from mansion  $M_i$  will spook floor j for  $c_{ij}$  Euros. Ambrosius knows that he needs at least one experienced ghost per floor. He wants to spend as little money as possible.

- (a) Show how to formulate the above problem as a Minimum-Cost Flow Problem. Explain the different elements of your construction. Make sure to specify what a flow unit represents.
- (b) Given an integral minimum cost flow in your network, show how to obtain an assignment of the ghosts to the floors.

# **Tutorial Exercise 1**

A shipping company wants to phase out a fleet of s (homogeneous) cargo ships over a period of p years. Its objective is to maximize its cash assets at the end of the p years by considering the possibility of prematurely selling ships and temporarily replacing them by charter ships.

The company faces a known nonincreasing demand for ships. Let  $d_k$  denote the demand of ships in year k. Each ship earns a revenue of  $r_k$  units in period k. At the beginning of year k, the company can sell any ship that it owns, accruing a cash inflow of  $s_k$  dollars. If the company does not own sufficiently many ships to meet its demand, it must hire additional charter ships. Let  $h_k$  denote the cost of hiring a ship for the kth year.

The shipping company wants to meet its commitments and at the same time maximize the cash assets at the end of the *p*th year.

Model this problem as a minimum cost flow problem!

## **Tutorial Exercise 2**

In the famous *bin packing* problem, we are given *n* items of weights  $a_1, a_2, ..., a_n$  and we are asked to pack them into as few bins as possible. Each bin can hold at most weight 1 and the items are not splittable.

Show that the bin packing problem can be solved by transforming it into a matching problem if  $1/3 < a_j < 1$  for each j = 1, ..., n.