## Efficient Algorithms and Data Structures I

Deadline: January 28, 2019, 10:15 am in the Efficient Algorithms mailbox.

## Homework 1 (4 Points)

Prove the following statements about maximum flow networks.
(a) If all edge capacities are even integers, then the maximum flow value is an even integer.
(b) Let $e$ be an edge that belongs to some minimum cut. Show that any maximum flow saturates the edge $e$.

## Homework 2 ( 5 Points)

Let $G=(V, E)$ be a network with two vertices $s, t \in V$. We call two $s-t$-paths edge-disjoint if they do not share an edge. Two $s-t$-paths are vertex-disjoint if they have no vertices in common other than $s$ and $t$.
Prove or disprove the following statements
(a) There are $k>1$ pairwise edge-disjoint $s-t$-paths in the network if and only if after deleting any $k-1$ edges, there still exists a path from $s$ to $t$.
(b) There are $k>1$ pairwise vertex-disjoint $s-t$-paths in the network if and only if after deleting any $k-1$ vertices, there still exists a path from $s$ to $t$.

## Homework 3 (5 Points)

We say that a bipartite graph $G=(V, E)$, where $V=L \cup R$, is $d$-regular if every vertex $v \in V$ has degree exactly $d$. Every $d$-regular bipartite graph has $|L|=|R|$. Prove that every $d$-regular bipartite graph has a matching of cardinality $|L|$ by arguing that a minimum cut of the corresponding flow network has capacity $|L|$.

## Homework 4 (6 Points)

The ghost Ambrosius plans to simultaneously spook each of the $\ell$ floors of the FMI building in order to celebrate 50 years of computer science in Munich. For the big party, he needs $r_{j}$ ghosts for floor $F_{j}$.
Ambrosius must enlist ghosts from local haunted mansions for help. The ghosts living in mansions $M_{1}, \ldots, M_{t}$ are experienced. The ghosts living in mansions $M_{t+1}, \ldots, M_{k}$ are inexperienced. There are $u_{i}$ ghosts living in mansion $M_{i}$. A ghost from mansion $M_{i}$ will spook floor $j$ for $c_{i j}$ Euros.

Ambrosius knows that he needs at least one experienced ghost per floor. He wants to spend as little money as possible.
(a) Show how to formulate the above problem as a Minimum-Cost Flow Problem. Explain the different elements of your construction. Make sure to specify what a flow unit represents.
(b) Given an integral minimum cost flow in your network, show how to obtain an assignment of the ghosts to the floors.

## Tutorial Exercise 1

A shipping company wants to phase out a fleet of $s$ (homogeneous) cargo ships over a period of $p$ years. Its objective is to maximize its cash assets at the end of the $p$ years by considering the possibility of prematurely selling ships and temporarily replacing them by charter ships.
The company faces a known nonincreasing demand for ships. Let $d_{k}$ denote the demand of ships in year $k$. Each ship earns a revenue of $r_{k}$ units in period $k$. At the beginning of year $k$, the company can sell any ship that it owns, accruing a cash inflow of $s_{k}$ dollars. If the company does not own sufficiently many ships to meet its demand, it must hire additional charter ships. Let $h_{k}$ denote the cost of hiring a ship for the $k$ th year.
The shipping company wants to meet its commitments and at the same time maximize the cash assets at the end of the $p$ th year.
Model this problem as a minimum cost flow problem!

## Tutorial Exercise 2

In the famous bin packing problem, we are given $n$ items of weights $a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots, a_{n}$ and we are asked to pack them into as few bins as possible. Each bin can hold at most weight 1 and the items are not splittable.
Show that the bin packing problem can be solved by transforming it into a matching problem if $1 / 3<a_{j}<1$ for each $j=1, \ldots, n$.

